



#### LARS HJELM BERG

C HJELMCO OIL INC 2011

### HJAIMED 91/96 UL

- Introduced in 1991
- Nationwide distribution 1993
- Recognized by Lycoming 1995 (SI 1070)
- Flown > 1 million flight hours
- Available at > 70 airports
- used by ~ 1000 aircraft
- excellent technical history
- approved by piston engine manufacturers covering > 90 % of the entire world piston aircraft fleet.
- produced by Hjelmco Oil in Sweden



#### MICROPHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

#### OF

#### NANOPARTICLES EMITTED BY FLIGHT ENGINES

Results from German PAZI Project

Claus Wahl

German Aerospace Center - Institute of Combustion Technology, Stuttgart, Germany

Theo Rindlisbacher,

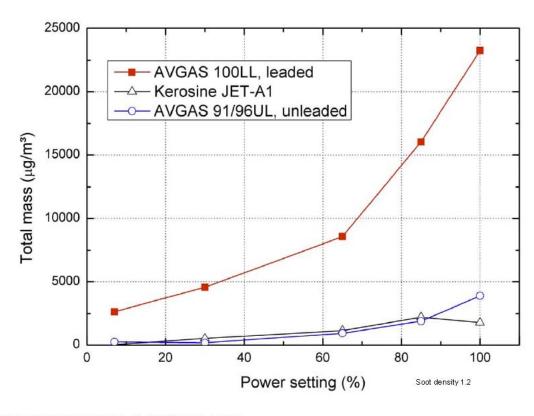
Federal Office for Civil Aviation, Bern, Switzerland

Lars Hjelmberg,

Hjelmco Oil AB, Sollentuna, Sweden

#### EXTENSIVE SUPPORTING ENVIRONMENTAL DOCUMENTATION

HB-EYS piston engine compared with flight gas turbine



#### EXTENSIVE SUPPORTING ENVIRONMENTAL DOCUMENTATION



Picture 13: The measurement team. From left to right: C. Wahl, M. Kapemaum (both DLR), L. Hjelmberg (Hielmco). T. Rindlisbacher. W. Bula (both FOCA)

#### **for Hjelmed Oil** produces its own AVGAS (also 100 LL)

<u>Advanag</u>

- own storage & distr. system
- own airport fuel installations
- could use existing AVGAS 80 fuel tanks for AVGAS 91/96 UL
- Swedish CAA support
- dedication not profitability

### **Break through 2010 by FASA SIB 31**

If the unleaded AVGAS is a traditional AVGAS (D910) and as such approved by the engine manufacturer no extra approval is required from the air-frame type certificate holder or for orphaned aircraft.





MINIMUM

HJELMCO 91/96 UL, Hjelmco 91/98 UL, Avgas 91/98 UL)



#### OBLYAD FLYGBENSIN. FARLIGT VID INANDNING.

Mycket brandfarlig vätska och ånga. Kan vara dödligt vid förtäring om det kommer ner i luftvägarna. Irriterar huden. Kan göra att man blir dåsig eller omtöcknad. Misstänks kunna skada det ofödda barnet. Kan orsaka organskador genom lång eller upprepad exponering. Mycket giftigt för vattenlevande organismer med långtidseffekter.

Använd inte produkten innan du har läst och förstått säkerhetsanvisningarna. Får inte utsättas för värme/gnistor/öppen låga/heta ytor. – Rökning förbjuden. Används endast utomhus eller i väl ventilerade utrymmen. Undvik utsläpp till miljön. VID FÖRTÄRING: Kontakta genast GIFTINFORMATIONSCENTRAL telefon 112 eller läkare. Framkalla INTE kräkning.

Innehåller: Nafta > 99%. Nafta innehåller bl.a. toluen < 25%, n-hexan < 5%, isopentan < 25%, 2,2,4-trimetylpentan < 40%, 2,3,4-trimetylpentan < 13%, 2,3,3-trimetylpentan < 10%, *m/o/p*-xylen < 9%, etylbensen < 2%.

Leverantör: Hjelmco Oil AB, Stuvargatan 9, 721 32 Västerås Tfn. 021-12 31 76 © 2011-06-02





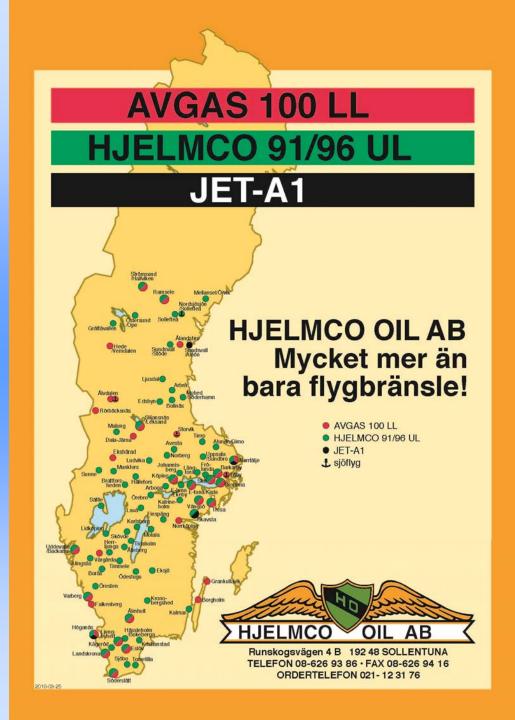
BLYHALTIG FLYGBENSIN – FÅR ENDAST ANVÄNDAS SOM FLYGBRÄNSLE GIFTIGT VID INANDNING, HUDKONTAKT OCH FÖRTÄRING

Mycket brandfarlig vätska och ånga. Kan vara dödligt vid förtäring om det kommer ner i luftvägarna. Irriterar huden. Kan göra att man blir dåsig eller omtöcknad. Misstänks kunna skada det ofödda barnet. Kan orsaka organskador genom lång eller upprepad exponering. Mycket giftigt för vattenlevande organismer med långtidseffekter.

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Innehåller: Nafta > 99%, bly < 0,56 gPb/L, 1,2 dibrometan < 0,43 gBr/L. Nafta innehåller bl.a. toluen < 17%, n-hexan < 5%, isopentan < 18%, 2,2,4-trimetylpentan < 31%, 2,3,4-trimetylpentan < 35%, *m/o/p*-xylen < 9%, etylbensen < 2%.

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#### 1 st generation launched 1981 <u>80/87</u>

#### 2 nd generation launched 1991 91/96

3 rd generation in progress BUT may not be necessary.

# **Intervention of the Contract of Contract**

is the aviation gasoline standard to which Lycoming and Continental aircraft engines among others are typecertificated to.

#### American AVGAS standard ASTM D910-81

"If mutually agreed upon between the purchaser and the supplier, Grade 80 may be required to be free of tetraethyl lead. In such case, the fuel shall not contain any dye and the color as determined in accordance with ASTM Method D 156, Test for Saybolt color of Petroleum Products (Saybolt Chromo meter Method) shall not be darker than + 20"

**American AVGAS standard ASTM D910 today = leaded standard Regarding lead the standard does** only stipulate a maximum amount. No minimum amount of lead is stated Thus: "Unleaded" AVGAS fits the **AVGAS** standard with trace amounts of lead (< 0,013 gr Pb/liter)

Unleaded AVGAS 80 Used in Sweden between 1981-1991 Nationwide distribution and use More than 50 airports involved More than 400 aircraft **Used by the Royal Swedish Air Force** 

# UNLEADED AVGAS 80 ADVANTAGES

No lead in the exhaust No lead in the engine Minimized valve problems Improved TBO Environmentally sound.

# UNLEADED AVGAS 80 DISADVANTAGES

#### PILOTS TEND TO RUN ENGINES RICH

# **UNLEADED AVGAS 80** PROBLEMS SOME OLD ENGINES NEED LEAD **DURING BREAK-IN**

#### SOLUTION USE AVGAS 100 LL DURING BREAK-IN

**UNLEADED AVGAS 80 Produced** in Czechoslovakia 1981-1985 East-Germany (DDR) 1985-1992 for Hjelmco Oil meeting US standard ASTM D910

# **UNLEADED AVGAS 91/96** Introduced spring 1991 Flight tested by the **Royal Institute of Technology in Stocholm**



### UNLEADED AVGAS 91/96 Produced in Finland 1991-1998 Currently produced in Sweden

**UNLEADED AVGAS 91/96 Swedish CAA operational** conclusions 1999 (after 8 years) **Reproduced from "Alternative Aviation Gasoline seminar in Brussels**" sponsored by the FAA year 2000

**Changing from LL to UL AVGAS** may create exhaust valve wear if not performed in a controlled way Performance degrades in a controlled way and normally slowly. Still no improbable condition has been recorded so far §23.1309 b

Dormant failures may be visible when changing from LL to UL AVGAS, due to decreased cooling margin, for example

- Inefficient cooling of engine and oil systems
  a) Bad engineering
  - b) Poor maintenance
- One or two piece primary and main venturi, one piece venturi in some cases produce weak mixture.

Dormant failures may be visible when changing from LL to UL AVGAS due to decreased cooling margin, for example

- Low fuel level in carburettor
- Deficiency in heat transfer between valve guide and cylinder head
- Mismatched exhaust systems
- **Poor quality of PMA spare-parts.**

Dormant failures may be visible when changing from LL to UL AVGAS due to decreased cooling margin, for example

- Engine manufacturers do not want to recommend designated oils or additives for use together with UL AVGAS, but for one exception! (the only factor known so far introduced by 91/96 UL itself)
- Fuel systems may give incorrect fuel level due to slightly changed density of 91/96 UL

## **Conclusions recorded 1999** AVGAS 91/96 UL had been used

- for more than 8 years
- and had created less than 10 technical events during this period of time
- 7 engine events in 384000 EH(FH), reliability 1,82x10E-5
- and had created less problems than 100 LL when it was introduced in the seventies.

#### **CONCLUSIONS RECORDED 1999** HJELMCO AVGAS 91/96 UL can be used if:

- Minimum certified engine grade AVGAS is 91/96 or lower
- Engine including installation and cooling is healthy
- High quality engine oil recommended for operation with UL fuel
- Oil additive is used

#### **7** SAFE OPERATION

Basically all aircraft engines up to 180 hp and between 230-260 hp. (see type-certificate) **Twin engine aircraft:** Twin-Comanche, Aztec, Cougar, Seminole Single engine aircraft: **Piper Cherokee**, Warrior, Archer, Cherokee six, Robin 100, Rockwell 114, Cessna 150, 172, 182 (exceptions exist) Socata Trinidad, Tobago etc.



#### **YEAR 2011**

Existing, certified unleaded AVGAS 91/96 UL (91/98 UL) Extensive > 20 years flightexperience Recognized by Lycoming in 1995

**Pure hydrocarbon fuel Made from current** low-cost, environmentally sound aviation gasoline components. NO ETHANOL, MTBE, ETBE, TAME, **SYNTHETIC COMPOUNDS etc.** 

### Help politieians

Classify aviation fuel-products based on their environmental qualities

#### statistical number for unleaded AVGAS

### Help politieians

# With an environmental classification of aviation fuels

allow tax-breaks for environmentally better products

### Help politieians

# With classification and tax-break in hand

Regulators must take responsibility and propose system that will create an European market

# The friendly PA-28 Warrior

- operates on unleaded AVGAS 91/96 UL
- overall noise reduced by > 65 %
- reduced fuel consumption 7-8 %
- maintains 75% power at 11000 feet
- no performance degradation

#### The friendly Piper Warrior II on unleaded AVGAS Hjelmco 91/96 UL since 1991



#### LARS HJELMBERG